Traditional Chinese Medicine: Diagnostic Signs

Like his counterpart in 'western medicine' the practitioner of Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) arrives at a medical diagnosis through a set of guidelines and observations.

However, TCM's diagnostic methods uniquely include:

- looking at the *shen* the client's complexion, movement, tongue etc.;
- hearing the speech, respiratory pattern and detecting the body odour etc.;
- asking about past history, present symptoms etc.;
- examining the pulse.

From the results, the TCM physician makes a conclusion about his client's medical condition. While TCM has many ways of identifying illness, one commonly used system is the 'Eight Principles Syndrome Differentiation'.

Its 8 principles, abstracted from the individual characteristics of specific syndromes, provide a guideline check for

- exterior and interior syndromes
- cold and heat syndromes
- deficiency and excess syndromes
- yin and yang syndromes

'Deficiency syndromes', for instance, refer to a lack of healthy *qi* and deficiencies in *yin, yang, qi,* blood and body fluids. These can be caused by or aggravate poor health. Arising from deficiency syndromes, pathogenic factors can attack the body to cause disease.

The table on the next page summarises some common deficiency syndromes, and is followed by a list of simple tonic recipes for better health.

Please consult a physician if symptoms of poor health persist or cause concern.

Yin Deficiency	Yang Deficiency	Blood Deficiency	Qi Deficiency
Appearance of the Individual			
Very thin	Lethargic	Pale-looking	Lethargic
Flushed cheeks	Lack interest in	The white of the	Lack interest in
	normal activities	eye, the lips and	normal activities
		nail beds look pale	
			Lack inclination
			to talk
Complaints Experienced by the Individual			
Excessive thirst	Afraid of the cold	Dizziness	Pale tongue
			-
Feeling hot in	Body extremities	Blurred vision	Dizziness
the palms, chest	are cold at	occasionally	
and soles	room temperature		Shortness of
		Rapid heart rate	breath with
Reduced urine	Little thirst	(when at rest)	minimal exertion
output	and preferring hot drinks	Insomnia	
Dry, hard stools	HOL UNITIKS	INSOLITING	
	Loose stools	Poor menstrual	
Red tongue		flow	
	Diarrhoea in the		
Faster than normal	early morning	Pale tongue	
heart rate	(5am)		
	E.V.		
Irritable	Fatigue		
	Pale tongue		
	Feeling of		
	tastelessness		
	in the mouth		
Perspiration Pattern			
Sweating at	Sweating		Spontaneous
night, for no	without reason		sweating that
obvious reason			is worse during exertion
			exertion